

★ Derivatives Renew Worksheet ★

1. $f(x) = \frac{3}{x}$ (3,1)

$$\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(c+\Delta x) - f(c)}{\Delta x}$$

$$\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+\Delta x) - 1}{\Delta x}$$

$$\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{3}{3+\Delta x} - 1 \cdot \frac{3+\Delta x}{3+\Delta x}}{\Delta x}$$

$$\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3 - (3+\Delta x)}{3+\Delta x \cdot \Delta x}$$

$$\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\Delta x}{3+\Delta x \cdot \Delta x}$$

$$\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\Delta x}{3+\Delta x} \cdot \frac{1}{\Delta x}$$

$$\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1}{3+\Delta x} = \frac{-1}{3+0} = \boxed{\frac{-1}{3}}$$

2. $f(x) = \sqrt{x} + 1$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+\Delta x} + 1 - (\sqrt{x} + 1)}{\Delta x}$$

$$\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+\Delta x} - \sqrt{x} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x+\Delta x} + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x+\Delta x} + \sqrt{x}}}{\Delta x}$$

$$\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x+\Delta x - x}{\Delta x (\sqrt{x+\Delta x} + \sqrt{x})}$$

$$\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta x (\sqrt{x+\Delta x} + \sqrt{x})}$$

$$\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+\Delta x} + \sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+0} + \sqrt{x}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}}$$

3. $h(x) = f(x) \cdot g(x)$

$$h'(x) = f(x)g'(x) + g(x)f'(x)$$

$$h'(-8) = f(-8)g'(-8) + g(-8)f'(-8)$$

$$h'(-8) = (2)(-3) + (4)(-1)$$

$$h'(-8) = -6 - 4 = \boxed{-10}$$

4. $h(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$

$$h'(x) = \frac{g(x)f'(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{[g(x)]^2}$$

$$h'(4) = \frac{g(4)f'(4) - f(4)g'(4)}{[g(4)]^2}$$

$$h'(4) = \frac{(7)(5) - (1)(2)}{7^2} = \frac{35-2}{49} = \boxed{\frac{33}{49}}$$

5. $h(x) = f(g(x))$

$$h'(x) = f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x)$$

$$h'(-8) = f'(g(-8)) \cdot g'(-8)$$

$$h'(-8) = f'(4) \cdot -3$$

$$h'(-8) = 5 \cdot -3 = \boxed{-15}$$

6. $y = \frac{-3}{x^4} = -3x^{-4}$

$$y' = 12x^{-5} \quad \boxed{y' = \frac{12}{x^5}}$$

7. $y = x^2(3x+1)$

$$y' = x^2(3) + (3x+1)(2x)$$

$$y' = 3x^2 + 6x^2 + 2x$$

$$\boxed{y' = 9x^2 + 2x}$$

$$8. y = \frac{4x+1}{x^3-2}$$

$$y' = \frac{(x^3-2)(4) - (4x+1)(3x^2)}{(x^3-2)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{4x^3 - 8 - 12x^3 - 3x^2}{(x^3-2)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{-8x^3 - 3x^2 - 8}{(x^3-2)^2}$$

$$11. y = \sin(2x)$$

$$y' = \cos 2x \cdot 2$$

$$y' = 2\cos 2x$$

$$12. y = \tan^2(3x) = [\tan(3x)]^2$$

$$y' = 2 \tan(3x) \sec^2(3x) \cdot 3$$

$$y' = 6 \tan(3x) \sec^2(3x)$$

$$9. y = (3x^4 - 5x)^4$$

$$y' = 4(3x^4 - 5x)^3 \cdot (12x^3 - 5)$$

$$y' = 4(12x^3 - 5)(3x^4 - 5x)^3$$

$$13. y = \csc(2x)^3$$

$$y = \csc(8x^3)$$

$$y' = -\csc(8x^3) \cot(8x^3) (24x^2)$$

$$y' = -24x^2 \csc(8x^3) \cot(8x^3)$$

$$10. y = \frac{(x^2+5)^3}{2x-1}$$

$$y' = \frac{(2x-1) \cdot 3(x^2+5)^2(2x) - (x^2+5)^3(2)}{(2x-1)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{6x(2x-1)(x^2+5)^2 - 2(x^2+5)^3}{(2x-1)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{(x^2+5)^2(6x(2x-1) - 2(x^2+5))}{(2x-1)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{(x^2+5)^2(12x^2 - 6x - 2x^2 - 10)}{(2x-1)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{(x^2+5)^2(10x^2 - 6x - 10)}{(2x-1)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{2(5x^2 - 3x - 5)(x^2+5)^2}{(2x-1)^2}$$

$$14. y = \frac{x^2}{\cos x}$$

$$y' = \frac{\cos x(2x) - (x^2)(-\sin x)}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$y' = \frac{2x \cos x + x^2 \sin x}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$15. y = x \cos x - \sin x$$

$$y' = x(-\sin x) + \cos x \cdot 1 - \cos x$$

$$y' = -x \sin x + \cos x - \cos x$$

$$y' = -x \sin x$$

$$16. y = \frac{\sin \pi x}{x+2} \quad y' = \frac{(x+2) \cos(\pi x)(\pi) - \sin(\pi x)}{(x+2)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{\pi(x+2) \cos \pi x - \sin \pi x}{(x+2)^2}$$

$$\text{or } y' = \frac{\pi x \cos \pi x + 2\pi \cos \pi x - \sin \pi x}{(x+2)^2}$$

oops -
 * I did meters... see last page for feet

17. $y = -2x^5 - 3x^3 + 2x - 10$ $x = 2$
 $y' = -10x^4 - 9x^2 + 2$
 $y'(2) = -10(2)^4 - 9(2)^2 + 2$
 $y'(2) = -194$

20. $h(t) = -4.9t^2 + h$
 A. when $h=0, t=9.2$ sec
 $0 = -4.9(9.2)^2 + h$
 $+414.736 = h$
 $+414.736m$

18. $y = \sin(2x)$ $(\pi/2, \phi)$
 $y' = \cos(2x)(2)$
 $y' = 2\cos(2x)$
 $y'(\pi/2) = 2\cos(2 \cdot \pi/2)$
 $y'(\pi/2) = 2\cos \pi = -2$

B. $h(t) = -4.9t^2 + 414.736$
 $h'(t) = -9.8t$
 $h'(9.2) = -9.8(9.2)$
 $v(9.2) = -90.16m/sec$

$y - \phi = -2(x - \pi/2)$

21. $x^2 + 3xy + y^3 = 10$
 $2x + 3x \frac{dy}{dt} + y(3) + 3y^2 \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$

19. $f(x) = 2x^3 + 6x^2$
 $f'(x) = -6$
 $f'(x) = 8x^2 + 12x = -6$
 $8x^2 + 12x - 6 = 0$
 $2(4x^2 + 6x - 3) = 0$
 * not factorable
 $x = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{36 - 4(4)(-3)}}{2(4)}$

$2x + 3x \frac{dy}{dt} + 3y + 3y^2 \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$
 $3x \frac{dy}{dt} + 3y^2 \frac{dy}{dt} = -2x - 3y$
 $\frac{dy}{dt} (3x + 3y^2) = -2x - 3y$
 $\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{-2x - 3y}{3x + 3y^2}$

$x = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{84}}{8}$
 $x = 0.396, -1.896$

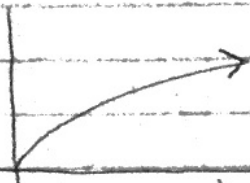
22. $\cos(x+y) = x$
 $-\sin(x+y) (1 + \frac{dy}{dx}) = 1$
 $-\sin(x+y) - \sin(x+y) \frac{dy}{dx} = 1$
 $-\sin(x+y) \frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + \sin(x+y)$
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{1 + \sin(x+y)}{\sin(x+y)}$

~~20. $h(t) = -4.9t^2 + ?$
 A. when $h=0, t=9.2$
 $0 = -4.9(9.2)^2 + h$
 $829.472 = h$
 B. $h(t) = -4.9t^2 + 829.472$
 $h'(t) = -9.8t$~~

$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{1}{\sin(x+y)} + \frac{\sin(x+y)}{\sin(x+y)}$
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\csc(x+y) + 1$
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - \csc(x+y)$

23.

$$y = \sqrt{x}$$



$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 2 \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt}$$

A. $x = 0.5$

B. $x = 1$

C. $x = 4$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$2 = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1}} \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$2 = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{4}} \frac{dx}{dt}$$

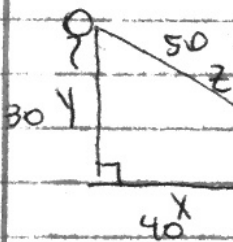
$$2 = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{0.5}} \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{dy}{dt} = 4}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{dy}{dt} = 8}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{dy}{dt} = 12.828}$$

24.



$$y = 30 \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = 12$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{y}{x}$$

$$x = 40 \quad \frac{dx}{dt} = 0$$

$$z = 50 \quad \frac{dz}{dt} = ?$$

$$\theta = ? \quad \frac{d\theta}{dt} = ?$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{y}{x}$$

$$\sec^2 \theta \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{x \left(\frac{dy}{dt} \right) - y \left(\frac{dx}{dt} \right)}{x^2}$$

$$\left(\frac{5}{4} \right)^2 \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{(40)(12) - (30)(0)}{40^2}$$

$$\frac{25}{16} \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{3}{10}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{d\theta}{dt} = 0.192 \text{ rad/sec}}$$

20. $h(t) = -16t^2 + vt + h_0$

A. When $h = 0$, $t = 9.2$

B. $h'(t) = -32t$

$$0 = -16(9.2)^2 + h_0$$

$$v(t) = -32t$$

$$1352.24 \text{ ft} = h_0$$

$$v(9.2) = -32(9.2)$$

$$\boxed{1352.24 \text{ ft}}$$

$$\boxed{v(9.2) = -294.4 \text{ ft/sec}}$$