

4.2A Area

pp. 261-264 (1, 5, 9, 15, 17, 19, 31, 33, 35, 41)

$$1. \sum_{i=1}^5 (2i+1)$$

$$(2 \cdot 1 + 1) + (2 \cdot 2 + 1) + (2 \cdot 3 + 1) + (2 \cdot 4 + 1) + (2 \cdot 5 + 1)$$
$$3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 = \boxed{35}$$

$$5. \sum_{k=1}^4 c = \boxed{4c}$$

$$9. \left[5\left(\frac{1}{8}\right) + 3 \right] + \left[5\left(\frac{2}{8}\right) + 3 \right] + \dots + \left[5\left(\frac{8}{8}\right) + 3 \right]$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^8 5\left(\frac{i}{8}\right) + 3$$

$$15. \sum_{i=1}^{20} 2i = 20(20+1) = \boxed{420} \quad \sum_{i=1}^{20} 2i = 2 \sum_{i=1}^{20} i = 2 \left[\frac{(20)(20+1)}{2} \right] = \boxed{420}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n 2i = 2 \sum_{i=1}^n i = 2 \left[\frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right] = n(n+1)$$

$$17. \sum_{i=1}^{20} (i-1)^2 = \sum_{i=1}^{20} (i^2 - 2i + 1) = \frac{(20)(21)(41)}{6} - 2 \left[\frac{20 \cdot 21}{2} \right] + 20 = \boxed{2470}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (i-1)^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n (i^2 - 2i + 1) = \sum_{i=1}^n i^2 - 2 \sum_{i=1}^n i + \sum_{i=1}^n 1$$

$$\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} - 2 \left[\frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right] + n$$

19. $\sum_{i=1}^{15} i(i-1)^2$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{15} i(i^2 - 2i + 1) = \sum_{i=1}^{15} i^3 - 2i^2 + i = \frac{15^2(16)^2}{4} - 2 \left[\frac{15 \cdot 16 \cdot 31}{6} \right] + \frac{15 \cdot 16}{2} = \boxed{12,040}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n i^3 - 2i^2 + i = \frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4} - 2 \left[\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} \right] + \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

35. $\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{2i+1}{n^2} = \frac{1}{n^2} \sum_{i=1}^n 2i+1 = \frac{1}{n^2} \left[2 \left(\frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right) + n \right] = \frac{1}{n^2} [n^2 + n + n] =$

$$\frac{1}{n^2} (n^2 + 2n) = 1 + \frac{2}{n}$$

$n=10, \sum_{i=1}^{10} \frac{2i+1}{n^2} = 1 + \frac{2}{10} = 1.2$
 $n=100, S = 1 + \frac{2}{100} = 1.02$
 $n=1000, S = 1 + \frac{2}{1000} = 1.002$

39. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{16i}{n^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{16}{n^2} \left(\frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right) =$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{16n(n+1)}{2n^2} = \boxed{8}$$

31. $S(n) = \frac{81}{n^4} \left[\frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4} \right]$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{81n^2(n+1)^2}{4n^4} = \boxed{\frac{81}{4}}$$

41. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{n^3} (i-1)^2 = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{n^3} (i^2 - 2i + 1)$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^3} \left[\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} - \frac{2n(n+1)}{2} + n \right]$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^3} \left[\frac{(n^2+n)(2n+1)}{6} - n^2 - n + n \right]$$

33. $S(n) = \frac{18}{n^2} \left[\frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right]$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{18n(n+1)}{2n^2} = \boxed{9}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^3} \left[2n^3 + 2n^2 + n^2 + n - n^2 \right]$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^3} \left[\frac{2n^3 - 3n^2 + n}{6} - \frac{6n^2}{6} \right]$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^3} \left[\frac{2n^3 - 3n^2 + n}{6} \right]$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n^3 - 3n^2 + n}{6n^3} = \boxed{\frac{1}{3}}$$